

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 10/22/2003 10/690,807 Richard Brown OD05/02 9442 EXAMINER 49716 7590 08/18/2005 EDWARD P. DUTKIEWICZ, ESQ. WOLFE, DEBRA M EDWARD P. DUTKEIWICZ, P.A. ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 640 DOUGLAS AVENUE DUNEDIN, FL 34698-7001 3725

DATE MAILED: 08/18/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	10/690,807	BROWN ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Debra Wolfe	3725
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stany reply received by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thi nod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO atute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _		•
· _ ·	This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	•	ters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.I	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) is/are pending in the applic	ation.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without		
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1</u> is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2-4</u> is/are rejected.		•
7)⊠ Claim(s) 3 and 4 is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.	·
Application Papers		
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner	·
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a		by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to	•	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor		• •
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been received. Sents have been received in Appriority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No	(s)/Mail Date
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	(08) 5) Notice of 6) Other:	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

The listing of references in the specification is not a proper information disclosure statement. 37 CFR 1.98(b) requires a list of all patents, publications, or other information submitted for consideration by the Office, and MPEP § 609 A(1) states, "the list may not be incorporated into the specification but must be submitted in a separate paper." Therefore, unless the references have been cited by the examiner on form PTO-892, they have not been considered.

Specification

- 1. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it is unclear what an "intermediate cylindrical". It is suggested to add the word "component" after "intermediate cylindrical."

 Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).
- 2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
 - 1. Page 11, line 10 remove the space between "th" and "is" to make it read "this"
 - 2. Page 13, line 17 replace "form" with "from"

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

1. Claims 2-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as



Art Unit: 3725

the invention. Claim 2 states "an interior cylindrical component composed of a beam adapted to apply pressure to the beam to remove the work piece," it is unclear what beam the applicant is claiming and how it is capable of being adapted to itself to apply pressure to itself.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Orloff in view of Official Notice. Orloff discloses a cold forming die construction having a work piece (10), an interior cylindrical component (pin, 40), an intermediate cylindrical component comprised of an interior flange (84) and an exterior pair of semi-conical moldings (die, 68), an exterior cylinder housing comprised of a die holder (50) that is adapted to receive the die (68) and a casing (28) having bores for the movement of the three radial spaced cylindrical control arms (knockout pins 100). Orloff appears to disclose three radial spaced control arms (knockout pins, 100) and claim



Art Unit: 3725

two requires four radial spaced control arms, however the number of radial spaced control arms (knockout pins, 100) would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to optimize by routine experimentation for any particular strength requirements to move the molding arms.

Allowable Subject Matter

1. It is the opinion of the examiner that the art of record (considered as a whole) neither anticipates nor renders obvious "an interior cylindrical component being composed of a central inner beam, a central outer beam and coupled with a first spring, the spring being adapted to apply pressure to the outer beam to remove the work piece following manipulation and being controlled by pressure applied to the inner beam; an intermediate cylindrical component adapted to house the interior cylindrical component and having four radially spaced cylindrical control arms extending inwardly, an interior flange and exterior pair of semi-conical molding arms having a coaxial groove adjacent to a perpendicular recess within the molding arms and being adapted to receive the work piece when extended and forming the work piece when retraced; an exterior housing having a cylindrical configuration with an inner edge, an outer edge and a hollow interior being adapted to house the interior component and the intermediate component, the interior edge having a plurality of bores and a conical recess being adjacent to the exterior edge and terminating with a ledge, the conical recess being adapted to receive the molding arms of the intermediate cylindrical component; a second spring adapted to rest upon the interior flange of the intermediate component and the ledge of the exterior housing forcing the molding arm to retract, when pressure is applied to the four control arms of the intermediate component the second spring is compressed and the molding arms are extended, pressure applied to the inner beam of the interior component while the molding arms are extended will cause the outer beam



Art Unit: 3725

to remove the working piece; and an interior end plate of a cylindrical configuration being adapted to be coupled to the bores on the inner edge of the exterior housing with a plurality of screws, the end plate having a central aperture to allow the passage of the inner beam of the interior component and four radially spaced apertures to allow the passage of the control arms of the intermediate component, the end plate allows the system to be controlled by the exterior sources without affecting the internal parts" in combination with the rest of the claimed limitations set forth in the independent claim.

Further searching by the examiner yielded additional prior art as follows:

- 2. Orloff discloses a cold forming die construction having a work piece (10), an interior cylindrical component (pin, 40), an intermediate cylindrical component comprised of an interior flange (84) and an exterior pair of semi-conical moldings (die, 68), an exterior cylinder housing comprised of a die holder (50) that is adapted to receive the die (68) and a casing (28) having bores for the movement of the three radial spaced cylindrical control arms (knockout pins 100). The number of radial spaced control arms (knockout pins, 100).
- 3. However the above cited prior art fails to disclose an "interior beam composed of a central inner beam, a central outer beam and a first spring; an intermediate cylindrical component having four radially spaced cylindrical control arms, an exterior pair of semi-conical molding arms having a coaxial groove adjacent to a perpendicular recess within the molding arms; a second spring adapted to rest upon the interior flange of the intermediate component and the ledge of the exterior housing; and an interior end plate of a cylindrical configuration being adapted to be coupled to the bores on the inner edge of the exterior housing with a plurality of



Art Unit: 3725

screws, a central aperture and four radially spaced apertures." Therefore, it is concluded by the examiner that claim 1 of the present invention is allowable subject matter.

4. Claims 3-4 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims and if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

- 1. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered to show the state of the art of applicant's disclosure.
 - 1. U.S. Patent # 5,606,887 to Spiegelberg et al.
- 2. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Debra Wolfe whose telephone number is (571) 272-1904. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday Thursday 6am 3:30pm with alternating Fridays 6am 2:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Derris Banks can be reached at (571) 272-4419. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.



Art Unit: 3725

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Debra Wolfe Examiner Art Unit 3725

DERRIS H. BANKS
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
SCHNOLOGY CENTER 3700